

**RTV103
ACETOXY SEALANT (black)****1. CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION**

Manufacturer Name: Momentive performance material
260 Hudson River Rd
Waterford NY 12188

Revised: 08/28/2012
Prepared by Product Regulatory Compliance
CHEMTREC 1-800-424-9300
MSDS Contact 1-888-443-9466
Information 4information@momentive.com

Chemical Family/Use: Sealant

Formula: MixtureSilicone sealant

HMIS

Health: 2 Flammability: 1 Reactivity: 0

NFPA

Health: 2 Flammability: 1 Reactivity: 0

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**EMERGENCY OVERVIEW**

WARNING! Irritating to eyes, respiratory system and skin. Adverse liver and reproductive effects reported in animals.

Form: Paste

Form: Black

Odor: Acetic acid.

POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS**SKIN**

Uncured product contact will irritate lips, gums and tongue. Skin irritation is possible after contact with the uncured product.

INHALATION

Applies in uncured state.

EYES

Eye irritation is possible after contact with the uncured product.

SUBCHRONIC (TARGET ORGAN)

Liver; Reproductive hazard.

CHRONIC EFFECTS / CARCINOGENICITY

This product or one of its ingredients present at 0.1% or more is NOT listed as a carcinogen or

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suspected carcinogen by NTP, IARC, or OSHA.

ROUTES OF EXPOSURE

Dermal; Eye

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

| <u>PRODUCT COMPOSITION</u> | <u>CAS-No.</u> | <u>WGT. %</u> |
|---|----------------|---------------|
| <u>A. HAZARDOUS</u> | | |
| Methyltriacetoxysilane | 4253-34-3 | 1 - 5 % |
| Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane | 556-67-2 | 1 - 5 % |
| <u>B. NON-HAZARDOUS</u> | | |
| Dimethylpolysiloxane | 70131-67-8 | 60 - 100 % |
| Treated Filler | 68611-44-9 | 10 - 30 % |
| Siloxanes & Silicones, Dimethylpolymers w/Methylsilsesquioxanes | 68554-67-6 | 5 - 10 % |

4. FIRST AID MEASURES**INGESTION**

If swallowed, do NOT induce vomiting. Give a glass of water. Do not give victim anything to drink if he is unconscious. Get medical attention.

SKIN

Wash with soap and water.

INHALATION

If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If not breathing give artificial respiration using a barrier device. If breathing is difficult give oxygen. Get medical attention.

EYES

In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical advice.

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None known.

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

FLASH POINT: > 93.3 °C; 200 °F
METHOD Estimated
IGNITION TEMPERATURE: No data available.
FLAMMABLE LIMITS LEL: Not applicable
FLAMMABLE LIMITS UEL: Not applicable

SENSITIVITY TO MECHANICAL IMPACT: No

SENSITIVITY TO STATIC DISCHARGE

Sensitivity to static discharge is not expected.

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA

All standard extinguishing agents are suitable.

SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES

Firefighters must wear NIOSH/MSHA approved positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus with full face mask and full protective clothing.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**ACTION TO BE TAKEN IF MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED**

Wipe, scrape or soak up in an inert material and put in a container for disposal. Wash walking surfaces with detergent and water to reduce slipping hazard. Wear proper protective equipment as specified in the protective equipment section.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE**PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN HANDLING AND STORAGE**

Product releases acetic acid during application and curing. Adequate ventilation should be provided so that exposure limits are not exceeded. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Remove contact lenses before using sealant. Do not handle lenses until all sealant has been cleaned from the finger and hands.

STORAGE

Keep container tightly closed in a cool, well-ventilated place.

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Provide adequate general and local exhaust ventilation.; Eye washes and showers for emergency use.

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

If exposure limits are exceeded or respiratory irritation is experienced, NIOSH/MSHA approved respiratory protection should be worn. Supplied air respirators may be required for non-routine or emergency situations. Respiratory protection must be provided in accordance with OSHA regulations (see 29CFR 1910.134).

PROTECTIVE GLOVES

Butyl rubber gloves are recommended.

OTHER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

Wear suitable protective clothing and eye/face protection.

Exposure Guidelines

| <u>Component</u> | <u>CAS-No.</u> | <u>Source</u> | <u>Value</u> |
|------------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|---------------------|
| Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane | 556-67-2 | Z_INTL_OEL, REL | 5 ppm |

Absence of values indicates none found

PEL - OSHA Permissible Exposure Limit; TLV - ACGIH Threshold Limit Value; TWA - Time Weighted Average; INTL REL - Internal Recommended Exposure Limit

OSHA revoked the Final Rule Limits of January 19, 1989 in response to the 11th Circuit Court of Appeals decision (AFL-CIO v. OSHA) effective June 30, 1993. See 29 CFR 1910.1000 (58 FR 35338).

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

| | |
|--|--------------------|
| BOILING POINT (°C): | Not applicable |
| VAPOR PRESSURE (20 C) (MM HG): | No data available. |
| VAPOR DENSITY (AIR=1): | No data available. |
| FREEZING POINT: | Not applicable |
| PHYSICAL STATE: | Paste |
| ODOR: | Acetic acid. |
| Color: | Black |
| EVAPORATION RATE (BUTYL ACETATE=1): | < 1 |
| SPECIFIC GRAVITY: | ca. 1.06 |

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| | |
|---|----------------------------|
| DENSITY: | ca. 1.06 g/cm ³ |
| ACID / ALKALINITY (MEQ/G): | No data available. |
| pH: | Not applicable |
| SOLUBILITY IN WATER (20 C): | Insoluble |
| SOLUBILITY IN ORGANIC SOLVENT (STATE SOLVENT): | Toluene |
| VOLATILE ORGANIC CONTENT: | 2.4 %(m) |
| VOC EXCL. H₂O & EXEMPTS (G/L): | 26 g/l |

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**STABILITY**

Stable

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION.

Hazardous polymerisation does not occur.

HAZARDOUS THERMAL DECOMPOSITION / COMBUSTION PRODUCTS

Carbon dioxide; Acetic acid.; Silicon dioxide.; Formaldehyde.; This product contains methylpolysiloxanes which can generate formaldehyde at approximately 300 degrees Fahrenheit (150°C) and above, in atmospheres which contain oxygen. Formaldehyde is a skin and respiratory sensitizer, eye and throat irritant, acute toxicant, and potential cancer hazard. A MSDS for formaldehyde is available from Momentive.

INCOMPATIBLE MATERIALS

None known.

CONDITIONS TO AVOID

None known.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**ACUTE ORAL**

Remarks: No data available.

CARCINOGENICITY

The National Toxicology Program (NTP) classifies formaldehyde as "known to be a human carcinogen" with respect to nasopharyngeal cancer, sinonasal cancer and myeloid leukemia. The International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) classifies formaldehyde as "carcinogenic to humans". U.S. OSHA regulates formaldehyde as a potential human carcinogen. See the OSHA Formaldehyde Workplace Standard at 29 CFR 1920.1048 (the "OSHA Standard"). Safe handling and use instructions are provided in this MSDS and in the OSHA Standard. OSHA has identified 0.5 ppm, calculated as an eight-hour time-weighted average ("TWA") concentration, as the "Action Level". Please review and

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understand the guidance contained in this MSDS, and refer to the OSHA Standard for regulatory requirements that might be applicable to your operation and use. Many studies and other evaluations have been performed concerning formaldehyde's potential to cause cancer. To review some of these studies and for further information go to www.osha.gov; <http://monographs.iarc.fr>; <http://ntp-server.niehs.nih.gov>; <http://epa.gov>; <http://www.nap.edu> and other authoritative websites then search on formaldehyde.

ACUTE DERMAL

Remarks: No data available.

ACUTE INHALATION

Remarks: No data available.

OTHER

Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane

Ingestion: Rodents given large doses via oral gavages of Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane (1600 mg/kg day, 14 days) developed increased liver weights relative to unexposed control animals due to hepatocellular hyperplasia (increased number of liver cells which appear normal) as well as hypertrophy (increased cell size).

Inhalation: In inhalation studies, laboratory rodents exposed to Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane (300 ppm five days week, 90 days) developed increased liver weights in female animals relative to unexposed control animals. When the exposure was stopped, liver weights returned to normal. Microscopic examination of the liver cells did not show any evidence of pathology. Inhalation studies utilizing laboratory rabbits and guinea pigs showed no effects on liver weights. Inhalation exposures typical of industrial usage (5-10 ppm) showed no toxic effects in rodents.

Range finding reproductive studies were conducted (whole body inhalation, 70 days prior to mating, through mating, gestation and lactation) with Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane (D4). Rats were exposed to 70 and 700 ppm. In the 700 ppm group, there was a statistically significant reduction in mean litter size and in implantation sites. No D4 related clinical signs were observed in the pups and no exposure related pathological findings were found.

Interim results from a two generation reproductive study in rats exposed to 500 and 700 ppm D4 (whole body inhalation, 70 days prior to mating, through mating, gestation and lactation) resulted in a statistically significant decrease in live mean litter size as well as extended periods of off-spring delivery (dystocia). These results were not observed at the 70 and 300ppm dosing levels.

Preliminary results from an ongoing 24-month combined chronic/oncogenicity study in rats exposed to 10, 30, 150, or 700 ppm D4 showed test-article related effects in the kidney (male and female) and uterus of rats exposed for 12 to 24 months. These effects include increased kidney weight and severity of chronic nephropathy, increased uterine weight, increased incidence of endometrial cell hyperplasia, and an increased incidence of endometrial adenomas. All of these effects are limited to the 700 ppm exposure group.

These results have been shown to be rat-specific. Further studies are ongoing.

In developmental toxicity studies, rats and rabbits were exposed to Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane at

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concentrations up to 700 ppm and 500 ppm respectively. No teratogenic effects (birth defects) were observed in either study.

SENSITIZATION

No data available.

SKIN IRRITATION.

No data available.

EYE IRRITATION

No data available.

MUTAGENICITY

No data available.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**ECOTOXICITY**

Ecotoxicological data for this product is not available.

DISTRIBUTION

No data available.

CHEMICAL FATE

No data available.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**DISPOSAL METHODS**

Disposal should be made in accordance with federal, state and local regulations.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION**Further Information:**

This product is not regarded as dangerous goods according to the national and international regulations on the transport of dangerous goods.

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| | | |
|--|----------------------|-------------------|
| Australia Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS) | y (positive listing) | |
| Canada DSL Inventory | y (positive listing) | |
| EU list of existing chemical substances | y (positive listing) | |
| Japan Inventory of Existing & New Chemical Substances (ENCS) | y (positive listing) | |
| China Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances | y (positive listing) | |
| Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory (KECI) | y (positive listing) | |
| Canada NDSL Inventory | n (Negative listing) | |
| Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS) | y (positive listing) | |
| TSCA list | y (positive listing) | On TSCA Inventory |
| New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals | y (positive listing) | |
| Japan Industrial Safety & Health Law (ISHL) Listing | n (Negative listing) | |

For inventories that are marked as quantity restricted or special cases, please contact Momentive.

US Regulatory Information**CERCLA****PRODUCT COMPOSITION****Chemical****CERCLA Reportable Quantity****SARA (311,312) HAZARD CLASS**

Acute Health Hazard

CALIFORNIA PROPOSITION 65

This product does not contain any chemicals known to State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, or any other reproductive harm.

Canadian Regulatory Information**WHMIS CLASSIFICATION**

D2A - Very Toxic Material Causing Other Toxic Effects

D2B - Toxic Material Causing Other Toxic Effects

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16. OTHER INFORMATION**OTHER**

These data are offered in good faith as typical values and not as product specifications. No warranty, either expressed or implied, is made. The recommended industrial hygiene and safe handling procedures are believed to be generally applicable. However, each user should review these recommendations in the specific context of the intended use and determine whether they are appropriate.

,C = ceiling limit NEGL = negligible
EST = estimated NF = none found
NA = not applicable UNKN = unknown
NE = none established REC = recommended
ND = none determined V = recommended by vendor
SKN = skin TS = trade secret
R = recommended MST = mist
NT = not tested STEL = short term exposure limit
ppm = parts per million ppb = parts per billion
By-product= reaction by-product, TSCA inventory status not required under 40 CFR part 720.30(h-2).